

مكذات الأمل

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Jordan Times

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation
جوردان تائمز يومية سياسية تجلزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الأردنية "الراي"

Today's Weather

Table with weather forecast for Amman, Agaba, Deserts, Jordan Valley. Includes overnight and daytime high/low temperatures.

June 6, Number 1681

AMMAN, SATURDAY JUNE 13, 1981 — SHABAN 11, 1401

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Quake rocks Iran; 5,000 feared dead

JIRUT, June 12 (A.P.) — Iran mounted a massive relief operation today for the victims of an earthquake that struck the southeastern copper and coal mine province of Kerman as officials expressed fears the death toll could climb to 5,000.

While rescue teams dug out victims from the rubble of devastated township of Gol for the second straight day, rescue helicopters flew in tents, blankets and medicine. Tehran said there was need for more bread, dates, cheese, pistachios and water to aid the town's 40,000 stricken inhabitants.

U.S. rejects sanctions over Israeli reactor raid

NEW YORK, June 12 (A.P.) — As the United Nations Security Council prepared today to take up Sunday's Israeli raid on Iraq's nuclear reactor, the United States reaffirmed its opposition to mandatory sanctions.

A Reagan administration official who insisted on anonymity commented on yesterday's Arab League's call for U.N. sanctions against Israel after an emergency meeting in Baghdad (see story on page 5) by noting that "our opposition to mandatory sanctions is well known."



His Majesty King Hussein receives Mr. Walid Junblatt, president of the Political Council of the National Movement in Lebanon, at Al Humr Palace Thursday night.

King meets Saud, Junblatt

AMMAN, June 12 (Petra) — Saudi Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al Faisal left here this morning after talks last night with His Majesty King Hussein.

Israeli reactor raid and its consequences, was seen off by Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem and the Saudi ambassador here, Sheikh Ibrahim Al Sultan.

The meeting was attended by Mr. Qasem, Prime Minister Mudar Badran and Chief of the Royal Court Ahmad Al Lawzi.

UNRWA urged to assure hospital care for refugees

AMMAN, June 12 (J.T.) — UNRWA employees took their complaints over hospital charges for refugee patients right to the top this week.

Under a previous agreement with the Jordanian government, the letter said, UNRWA paid Jordan \$106,000 annually in return for free treatment of refugees in government hospitals.

King Hussein also received last night the president of the Central Political Council of the National Movement in Lebanon, Mr. Walid Junblatt.

Fiji to join Sinai force

Representatives of teachers and staff of the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees met with UNRWA Commissioner General Olof Rydbeck, who arrived here from UNRWA headquarters in Vienna on Tuesday.

In response to a government request for higher yearly compensation because of inflation, UNRWA offered to pay \$150,000 a year, the letter said.

During the meeting, they discussed the situation in the Arab World in general, and that in Lebanon in particular.

No blank cheques for U.S. on RDF bases, Turks warn

LONDON, June 12 (A.P.) — Turkish officials indicated today that their country would be unable to support the U.S. Rapid Deployment Force in the event the United States military action in the Gulf.

Speaking of Turkish plans as "a modest scheme," the defence minister said, "We should be able to supply some of our arms" and join in a consortium with other NATO nations so that in the future Turkey would need less military aid.

Asked how Arab states would react if the United States vetoed their call for sanctions, Dr. Hammadi said, "It's too early to speak of that."

491 legislative seats at stake

Leftist majority expected in French vote tomorrow

The conservatives — Paris Mayor Jacques Chirac's Gaullists and the centrist Union for French Democracy (UDF) — believe otherwise, at least publicly. Mr. Chirac and UDF President Jean Lecanuet say the right's defeat in the presidential election was a personal rejection of Mr. Giscard d'Estaing, aided by the defection of a number of voters who normally supported the former governing coalition.

Security Council set for debate U.S. rejects sanctions

over Israeli reactor raid

NEW YORK, June 12 (A.P.) — As the United Nations Security Council prepared today to take up Sunday's Israeli raid on Iraq's nuclear reactor, the United States reaffirmed its opposition to mandatory sanctions.

Another official said that policy applied "across the board," but the senior of the two later insisted the statement was meant to apply only in the case of Israel.

5 cabinet members dropped in Poland

WARSAW, June 12 (A.P.) — Premier Wojciech Jaruzelski today dropped five cabinet ministers, including one criticised for hampering the investigation into the beating of three union members.

The law stipulates that U.S.-supplied weapons can only be used for defensive purposes. Mr. Reagan conferred with five ambassadors from Arab countries yesterday.

Jordanian group hails royal message to U.S.

AMMAN, June 12 (Petra) — A Jordanian popular committee for the support of the Iraqi struggle has praised the courageous pan-Arab stand of His Majesty King Hussein, and declared its absolute support for the King's stand towards the United States, embodied in the message he sent on Thursday to U.S. President Ronald Reagan.

The removal of Mr. Bafia appeared to be a concession to Solidarity, which criticised him for his role in investigating the beatings of three union members in northwestern Bydgoszcz on March 19.

Khaled leaves U.K.

LONDON, June 12 (A.P.) — King Khaled of Saudi Arabia flew out of London's Heathrow Airport today at the end of a four-day state visit, amid tight security.

Mr. Jaruzelski also dropped ministers Adam Kowalik of internal trade, Zbigniew Rudnicki of communications and Jerzy Gabrysiak, minister without portfolio and head of the price commission.

Leftist majority expected in French vote tomorrow

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The message added: "We regard the clarity of vision in your pan-Arab message in dealing with the big powers as the first and most important step to prepare our Arab Nation in all its regions for the real confrontation against its enemies and the usurpers of its right."

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On the polls, the president should have little trouble winning his first majority in the two-round election that begins Friday, leaving open only the question of just how big that majority is and what shape it will take.

Under the French system, a candidate must win 50 per cent or more of the votes to be elected in the first round. In districts where no candidate gets at least half of the vote, all those with 12.5 per cent or more meet in a runoff, with the highest vote-getter winning election.

The Socialists and Communists have agreed to back the best-placed leftist candidate in the second round in order to enhance their chances. The Gaullists and the UDF are running their own candidates in 350 districts and have agreed to back their best-placed man in the second round in the other constituencies.

Mitterrand is confident that the agreement for change that was signed in his victory over President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing on May 10 will continue through Sunday's voting and the second round on June 21.

Mr. Lecanuet said the right takes seriously the Socialist platform of making major structural changes in France. "If the Socialists and the Communists are free to realise their programmes... our economy will be upset and our society will inevitably evolve toward state-controlled socialism and bureaucracy."

The Socialists would like nothing better than to win a majority of their own, without the Communists, or, barring that, be in a position to relegate their fractious allies to a secondary role in the government.

NATIONAL

Iraqi artist exhibits at Holiday Inn



Visiting Iraqi artist Hafez Hassan with visitors at Holiday Inn hotel where his paintings are now being exhibited.

AMMAN, June 12 (J.T.) — Mrs. Layla Sharaf opened over the week-end at the Holiday Inn hotel in Amman an exhibition of paintings by Iraqi artist Hafez Hassan.

Mr. Hassan studied art in Iraq, Italy, and the Netherlands. He worked in the motion picture industry in the production of animated cartoons and documentary films.

The exhibition, which will continue until June 19, includes 26 paintings.

Israeli raid called 'dastardly'

AMMAN, June 12 (J.T.) — Sir Frederic Bennet, chairman of the Anglo-Jordanian Association, said upon arrival here this week that Israel's "dastardly air attack" on Iraq Sunday "had delivered a dangerous, possibly even a fatal blow" to the chances for stability in the Middle East.

Sir Frederic, a British parliamentarian and chairman of the political affairs committee of the Western European (Defence) Assembly, arrived here on his way to Paris after visiting a number of Middle Eastern states to examine their security situation. He said he found it difficult to find words strong enough to express his indignation about what had happened, which had delivered a dangerous, possibly even a fatal blow at whatever chances there were of establishing a renewed stability to an already unstable part of the world.

Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin already had earned an unenviable personal reputation for himself advocating and resorting to terrorism in his younger days in fighting for an enlarged state of Israel, Sir Frederic said.

Since coming to power he had changed his tune, he said, and hardly a day passed when he did not seek to make the Palestine Liberation Organisation responsible for the failure to reach a settlement of the Palestine problem, because the PLO sometimes used violent methods to pursue its own political aim of a return to the Palestinian homeland.

Yet at a stroke he had now with almost incredible hypocrisy dangerously raised the whole threshold of international terrorism. Moreover, the double standards he had adopted should be apparent to all, Sir Frederic said.

Israel had herself obtained an offensive nuclear capacity and had refused to sign the International Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty.

Iraq had not only signed that treaty but had voluntarily subjected herself to international inspection at all times to provide assurance to all that her nuclear development was only to be used for peaceful energy purposes, Sir Frederic noted.

If there was to be any hope at all of restoring and maintaining Western credibility in the eyes of all the nations in the area, there was now an urgent need for the United States, whose weaponry supplied to Israel for supposedly defensive needs had been used for the raid on Iraq, in defiance of all tenets of international law, not only to condemn the action but to take steps to ensure there should and could never be a recurrence, Sir Frederic said.

Ajlouni starts talks in Tunis

TUNIS, June 12 (Petra) — Amman Mayor Isam Al Ajlouni began talks in Tunis today with Tunis Mayor Zakariya Ibn Mustafa.

They discussed ways to strengthen cooperation and to exchange expertise between the two municipalities to develop and improve municipal services and also to develop residential areas and to combat city pollution.

Mr. Ajlouni, accompanied by Mr. Mustafa, visited several projects completed by the Tunis municipality in several areas of Tunis and its outskirts.

Mayors' meeting starts today

AMMAN, June 12 (Petra) — His Highness Crown Prince Hassan will patronise the open meeting of Jordan's mayors, organised by the Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment at Al Hussein Youth City Saturday.

The directors of the Potable Water Authority, the Housing Corporation, Land and Survey, the Cooperative Organisation, the Jordan Electricity Authority and the Bank for the Development of Towns and Villages will participate in the meeting.

The conferees will discuss working papers on regional planning, services rendered by the Potable Water Authority, the plans and services of the Jordan Electricity Authority and related other topics.

Moroccans here to ask for our aid to save Fez

AMMAN, June 12 (Petra) — A Moroccan delegation under Dr. Abdul Hadi Al Tazi, an envoy of King Hassan II of Morocco and member of the royal court, arrived in Amman this morning for a short visit to Jordan during which he will talk with competent authorities on ways to save the Moroccan city of Fez, regarded the first capital in the Arab Maghreb historically, politically and socially.

In a statement to Petra, the Jordan News Agency, Dr. Tazi said that the task of his delegation is to appeal for help to save Fez.

Twelve centuries after the establishment of this city, its landmarks and antiquity sites are threatened with collapse. This has prompted King Hassan II to think of a plan to save the city which is regarded as part of Moroccan, Islamic and Arab heritage, expressing the impact of Arab and Islamic culture in West Africa.

The United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO) made a unanimous decision in its 1976 Nairobi conference to appeal to the international community to save Fez, and several Arab and Muslim countries participated in the project.

Dr. Tazi said the appeal to save the city of Fez is not a mere emotional call, but is based on thorough studies of all aspects required for the operation. He said that the Moroccans thank Jordan for its assistance in this campaign despite its not-too-large resources.

U.S. rejects sanctions...

(Continued from page 1)

pending the outcome of an investigation into the bombing attack, on whether the next shipment of major armaments to Israel would be sent as scheduled in July.

U.S. Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger denied yesterday that he had recommended withholding all economic and military aid to Israel and halting all deliveries of military supplies because of the raid.

Asked about reports that Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin had accused him of making such recommendations to Mr. Reagan, Mr. Weinberger said in a statement issued through a spokesman:

"I'm sorry that Mr. Begin is proceeding on an erroneous assumption. I have made no such recommendation."

"We very much regret the decision of the U.S. administration to suspend delivery of aircraft to Israel," an Israeli foreign ministry statement said yesterday.

"We consider this as unjust. Israel acted in self-defence against threats to its existence by Iraq which declared itself to be in a state of war with Israel since 1948."

The statement said Iraq "never restricted nor disguised its plans to use any weapons against Israel, be they conventional or non-conventional." Israel has argued that the Iraqi plant was a potential atomic bomb factory.

However, the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) today cast doubt on Israeli claims to have destroyed a secret underground installation when it attacked Iraq's nuclear installation.

Mr. Begin had claimed the Israeli raid destroyed a secret installation four metres below ground, built to avoid detection by the IAEA.

Today the agency's director general, Dr. Sigvard Eklund, said the IAEA's primary task was to check on fuel elements supplied from abroad and keep an eye on them subsequently to see they were diverted to military use.

Dr. Eklund said the design of the French-built Osirak reactor and of the fuel elements was such that diversion of fuel would be detected "with very high probability."

The Iraqi reactor was inspected by the IAEA last January and given a clean report.

AMMAN, June 12 (Petra) — A three-month long intensive course in library science will start on Saturday at the library of the University of Jordan. This course, organised by the Jordan Libraries Association, aims to prepare specialised staff in this field and to increase the competence of those who work in the field. Forty participants from government institutes and directorates will take part in this course.

AMMAN, June 12 (J.T.) — In commemoration of the Philippines' 83rd independence day anniversary here in Jordan, the Philippine embassy, in collaboration with the Filipino community in Amman, have lined up a series of activities to celebrate the occasion. A special mass will be held at St. Joseph's Catholic Church at 12 noon of the 14th, to be followed immediately by lunch for the Filipino community at the embassy chancery. At 6:30 p.m. of the same day, a reception will be held at Holiday Inn to be highlighted by Filipino folk dances and an all-string band. Concurrently, a special show will be aired by Jordan TV in the evening.

AMMAN, June 12 (Petra) — Director of geological research and mining at the Natural Resources Authority Mohammad Abu Ajmiah left for West Germany last Wednesday to attend the mining exhibition for 1981, which opened in Dusseldorf Thursday. He will visit the natural resources institute of Hanover, where he will hold talks with its officials to reinforce cooperation between the institute and the authority, particularly in the study of shale rocks.

ZARQA, June 12 (Petra) — A 10-day labour education course for women opened Wednesday at the culture institute in Zarqa district. 24 participants of different institutes at the district are taking part in this course. They are attending lectures on labour education, the labour movement organisation, public safety in the Arab World, in addition to industrial safety and the role of women in development plans.

AMMAN, June 12 (Petra) — The military governor has endorsed the sentences passed by the military court sentencing 39 merchants to fines ranging from JD 50 to 200 for violating Ministry of Supply regulations.

JORDAN WEEKLY CALENDAR

(Week of June 13 - 19)

EXHIBITIONS

*** The Holiday Inn Hotel presents a painting exhibition by artist Hafez Hassan. The exhibition is open to the public at the hotel in Amman.

CONTINUING: Alia Art Gallery presents an exhibition of paintings by Omar Hamdan and Ayyad Al Nemer. The exhibition is open to the public at the gallery in Shmeisani.

*** The British Council has extended the presentation of its permanent collection at the Jordan National Gallery of Fine Arts. The exhibition is open to the public from 10 - 1:30 p.m. and 3 - 6 p.m.

*** The British Council presents in Aqaba "The Age of Keats". Items from the exhibition, which has proved popular in Amman, will be repeated in Aqaba. The exhibition is opened with a performance of "Marbaba Shakespeare" in Arabic and English, by the Haya Art Centre players. The show will be at 8 p.m., at the Alcazar Hotel in Aqaba.



Scene from Frank Cassenti's film "L'Affiche Rouge"—film of the French Resistance during World War II, to be shown at French Cultural Centre on June 19.

DISPLAY

CONTINUING: The British Council organises for a display project work by the final year students of the Department of Architecture of the University of Jordan. The display will place at the council in Jabal Amman, between 9 a.m. - 1:30 and 4 - 6 p.m.

FILMS

The Goethe Institute presents a series of films, each starting p.m., at the institute in Jabal Amman according to the following schedule:

MONDAY, June 15: "Handicapped Future", in German, English sub-titles, and "Stroszek" (1976), in German, with Irish sub-titles.

TUESDAY, June 16: "Fata Morgana" (1976), German version and "La Soufriere" (1976), English version.

*** The British Council presents "Richard II", in conjunction with the Age of Shakespeare exhibition in Aqaba. The show is at 8 p.m., at the Alcazar Hotel in Aqaba.

FRIDAY, June 19: The French Cultural Centre presents "L'Affiche Rouge" (1976). Film tells the story of an execution of the German occupation of France in 1944. The show starts at p.m., at the centre in Jabal Luweibdeh. (In French, with Arabic sub-titles).

FLOWER SHOW

MONDAY, June 15: The YWCA in Amman presents a film show entitled "Flowers and the Universe". The show demonstrates modern arrangements of both wild flowers and garden flowers and will be opened to the public at Jordan continental Hotel in Jabal Amman.

PUBLIC LECTURE

SUNDAY, June 14: The British Council presents a lecture entitled "Symmetry and Asymmetry in a Cairo Cemetery": an introduction to Arab Architecture. This illustrated lecture will be delivered by Dr. Archie Walls, R.I.B.A., assistant professor of architecture at the University of Jordan, at 8 p.m., at the club in Jabal Amman.

VIDEOTAPE PROGRAMME

*** The French Cultural Centre presents a series of video programmes according to the following schedule:

MONDAY, June 15: "Spectacles d'avril 1981", at 5 p.m., and "maison des bois, dernier episode", at 6 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, June 17: "Apostrophes: Les grands écrivains de pas des petits saints", at 5 p.m., and "Bienvenue a bord du mencaur", at 6 p.m.

TUESDAY, June 16: The American Centre presents a video summary of CBS television news for the past week. The tape is shown at noon and 4 p.m., at the centre's auditorium, off Third Circle in Jabal Amman.

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PEUGEOT

مكتبة الامم المتحدة

To encompass teaching, research facilities Growth plan takes Yarmouk University through '80s

By Mohammad Ayish
Special to the Jordan Times

Anyone who drives past the temporary site of Yarmouk University may come to think that the university in the north will continue to function in that manner. But according to the term plans of Yarmouk University, the educational institution will move from the stone-made buildings to its 2600-acre campus in the next three years.

Despite the provisional character of the university, as well as its youthful age, it has accomplished much. On June 14, it held its second annual graduation ceremony since its establishment in the fall of 1976. His Majesty King Hussein is expected to attend the ceremony and dress the graduates.

Dr. Adnan Badran, Yarmouk University President, said the university has come to a point in general, said Yarmouk University President Adnan Badran told the Jordan Times that the university's preoccupation with the construction of its facilities and recruitment of its staff, the university has also paid considerable attention to the educational process, scientific research and social services.

Dr. Badran added that the university has exerted great efforts to well-equipped laboratories, a "good library" so that students would enjoy the same educational facilities available at reputable institutions.

When Yarmouk University opened its classes to students in 1976, it had only one faculty of arts and sciences. At the time, that faculty included the departments of Arabic language, English language, mathematics, chemistry, biology and physics. In the academic year 1978, the departments of administrative sciences and education were added to the faculty of arts and sciences, and in the next year, departments were added: biochemistry, computer science, geology, physical education, mass communication and business, and law (graduate level).

Work on the faculty of engineering was launched during the academic year 1979-80, and upon completion, it will have an annual intake of 1,380 students, divided among eight departments: civil engineering, architecture and town planning, electrical engineering, mechanical engineering, industrial engineering, chemical engineering, mining engineering and atomic engineering. Yarmouk University also has two large faculties of medical sciences and agriculture and veterinary science.

In the same academic year, the university came to have several educational centres on its campus, including the Jordan Studies Centre, the Language Centre, the Computer Centre, as well as a department for continuing education and community extension services.

Sunday's graduation ceremony at Yarmouk University is more than an ordinary graduation event, according to President Badran. "After the graduation, the university will embark on an evaluation process to probe into its needs and work to boost the development of scientific research," Dr. Badran said. He added that such evaluation is essential for the university, six years after it was established.

But as that process has not started yet, Dr. Badran admitted that the university suffers from staff shortage and in some cases, that shortage is serious. He added that areas in bad need for qualified staff include the faculty of administrative sciences and management which has specialisations in business administration, public administration, accounting, financial engineering, mechanical engineering, industrial engineering, chemical engineering, mining engineering and atomic engineering.

The impressive attraction of Yarmouk University to students stems from the philosophy of education adopted by the institution, according to Dr. Badran. Such philosophy is based on improving the quality of course material and teaching methods, as well as opening all possible opportunities for candidates applying to attend the university, he said.

On the services offered by the university, Dr. Badran said that it has established a department for continuing education and community extension services. He said that employees from the public and private sectors all over the kingdom would benefit from such services. He cited the example of training courses offered by the university of languages, administration, local leadership, and secretarial sciences.

Yarmouk University could not have been able to attain its present position without the coordination and cooperation it has had with other universities in general, and the University of Jordan in particular. Dr. Badran said that the relationship between Jordan's two universities is based on complementary functions rather than



Yarmouk University President Adnan Badran

competition. He added that Yarmouk University coordinates with the University of Jordan on matters related to the number of students accepted each year, and the courses offered by either university.

He also said that when similar courses are offered by both universities, it does not mean that there is a case of duplication. "We need both universities to carry on because of the huge number of applicants and students finishing 'lawjihi'," Dr. Badran noted.

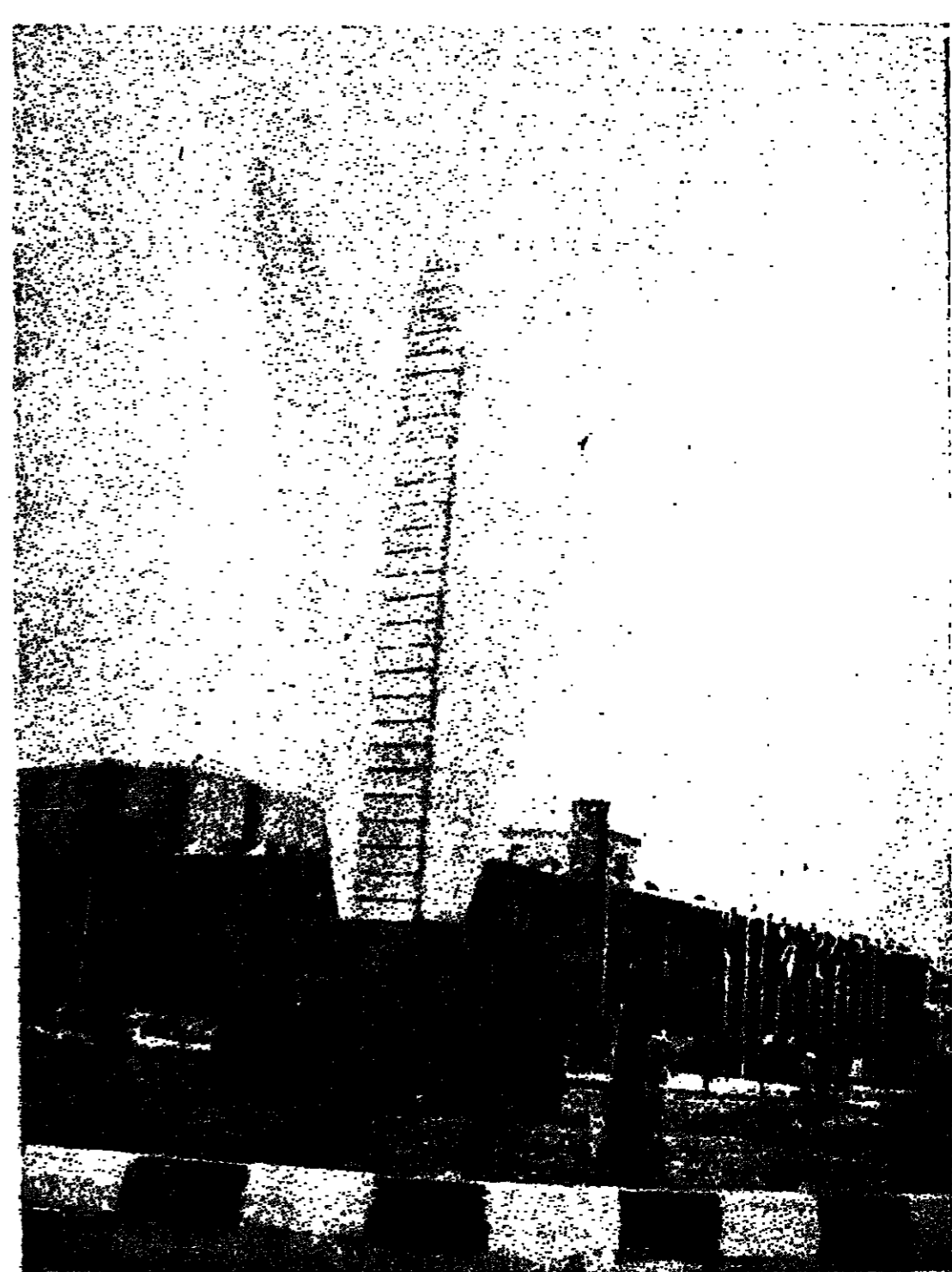
On the university's relationship with other Arab universities, Dr. Badran said Yarmouk University takes part in the biannual meetings of the Arab Universities Association. Besides, it has also signed some agreements of cooperation with other Arab universities that call for the exchange of visits and information, he said.

On the international scene, Dr. Badran said Yarmouk University has gone a long way in coordinating with other universities. He said that the university has signed agreements of cooperation with 12 universities in the United States, Europe and the Soviet Union.

In the course of its development, Yarmouk University has drawn itself a programme of growth for the next nine years. The three-phase programme began with the opening of the university in 1976. That phase included the establishment of the faculty of arts and sciences, with its seven departments, in a one-year period. In that year, there were 640 students, 51 faculty members and 193 members of the administration.

The intermediate phase (1977-1980) was launched with the addition of four departments to the faculty of arts and sciences, social sciences, humanities, administrative sciences and statistics. In 1978, a research and graduate studies deanship was founded. A marine sciences station was also established in Aqaba in cooperation with the University of Jordan. In 1979, the department of continuing education was founded, as well as five educational centres. In the academic year 1979-1980, there were 3,540 students, 150 faculty members and 250 members of the administration.

The plan for the permanent site includes teaching and research facilities, made of buildings and laboratories, for the four faculties, a library with a capacity of one million books, a number of model schools and housing complexes for students, faculty, staff and nurses. The facilities also include a stadium containing a stand accommodating 6,000 people, a student activities centre, a centre for conferences and social activities, a historical museum, an Islamic cultural centre and a hotel for both services and training in hotel and catering management.



The big Y-shaped monument on the temporary campus of Yarmouk University in Irbid.

Academic year	Students	Staff members	Teacher assistants
1976-1977	640	40	11
		64	13
		88	15
		120	30

Academic year	Students	Staff members	Teacher assistants
1977-1978		40	11
1978-1979		64	13
1979-1980		88	15
		120	30

The growth in registered students at Yarmouk University can be recognised easily when we compare last year's graduates with this year's.

Department	Graduates 1979-80	1980-81
Arabic language	58	110
English language	119	53
Mathematics	104	36
Physics	38	47
Chemistry	58	40
Biology	54	34
Economy	51	—
Administrative Sciences	55	80
Diploma in education	161	4
M.A. in education	14	—
Total	712	515

while the present ratio is 1:25. "Yarmouk University has embarked on an ambitious staffing development project as it sponsors scholarships for 125 Jordanian Ph.D candidates studying abroad," he said. At present, Yarmouk University spends about \$1.5 million on those scholarships, "but it is a worthwhile investment," according to Dr. Badran.

The growth in registered students at Yarmouk University can be recognised easily when we compare last year's graduates with this year's.

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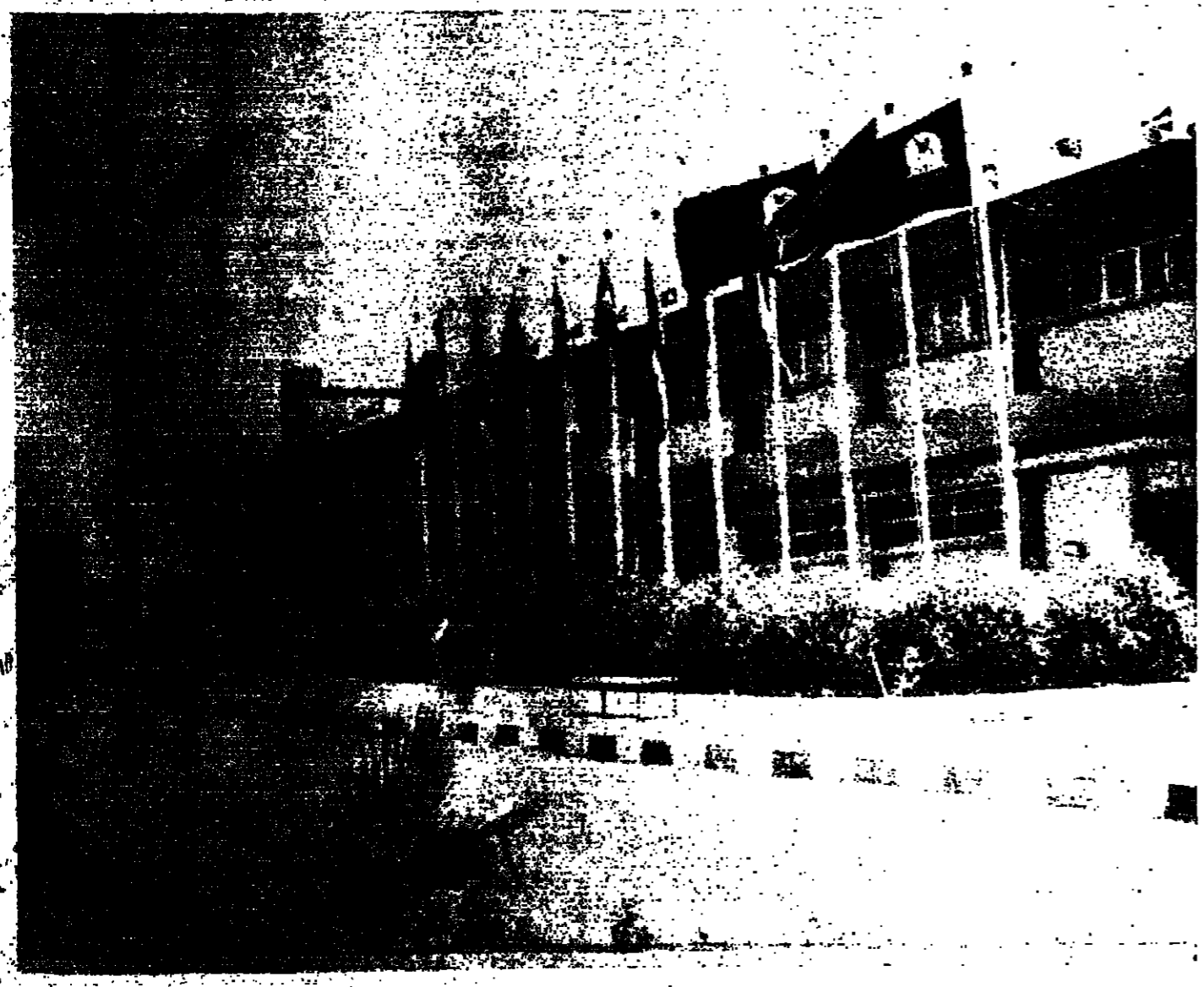
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BUSINESS HORIZON

Jordan Chemical Fertilisers Co.: delay, extra costs

By Fahed Fan

The Jordan Chemical Fertilisers Company is one of the most important heavy industries recently established in the country. According to the plan, the factory should have been operational by now; however, extended delay is anticipated. The management of the project hopes that completion of the facilities will take place by the end of the year, but further delay is feared.

The delay is due to the fact that many officials responsible for implementation and follow-up of the project are very busy as occupied with other duties. Actually they are the same bureaucracy responsible for most of the major projects big companies in the country. The executive administration company behaves in a civil mentality, rather than an inesslike approach, and heavy unnecessary expense trying to save some minor.

The delay in the implementation of the project year means the loss of 2.5 tonnes of chemical product consequently tens of millions worth of exports.

On the other hand, the use of extra costs are proportionate time and must increase if implementation stage was prolonged, second, because the cost of the project is estimated upwards to JD 130 million, in addition to the aluminium fluoride order to finance the extra JD 46 million, the company is to raise the balance of JD 31 million local and foreign loans.



Wider horizons for British-Jordanian relations

By Alan Urwick
British ambassador to Jordan

EDITOR'S NOTE: The following is a message by Mr. Urwick on the occasion of celebrations marking the birthday of Queen Elizabeth II. The message appears in a special supplement on Anglo-Jordanian relations in Saturday's daily newspaper *Al Rai*.

The friendship between Britain and Jordan is old and close. Naturally, it has evolved and changed greatly in nature over the last half-century. As Britain increasingly becomes part of a wider Europe and seeks to pursue policies in partnership with her fellow members of the European Community, so Jordan is coordinating her policies ever more closely with those of other Arab countries. But this does not mean that there need be any dilution of the old friendship between Jordan and Britain. On the contrary, each country can contribute more because of its association with a wider grouping and, as Britain takes over the presidency of the European Community on 1 July, the close understanding and cooperation which happily exist between Britain and Jordan will in turn help to foster the wider cooperation between Europe and the Arab World which we all seek.

The most visible manifestation of the close relationship between Jordan and Britain nowadays lies in the commercial field. Britain and British industry have for many years played a major role in developing the Jordanian economy, and in recent years Jordan has become an increasingly popular base for British companies. Many of our leading contractors are in Jordan, working on development projects, among them Wimpey, Lang, Balfour Beatty, Costain and Tarmac. Some of our best firms of consultants are also here in strength. More than 50 regional offices have been opened by British companies in Amman, staffed by British personnel. Other British companies have regional offices here staffed by Jordanians. The British companies chose Jordan as a base for a wide range of reasons: her central geographical position, her political and economic stability, her well-planned and imaginative development, her good communications with the rest of the world and, last but not least, the fact that Amman is one of the most pleasant and agreeable cities in which to live in the region. The extraordinary kindness and friendliness of Jordanians to foreigners in their midst ensure that so many British families live happily in Jordan and that when the time comes to leave the country, they depart with the happiest memories of their stay here.

Who's the threat?

THERE CAN be no better testimony than the Israeli attack against the Iraqi nuclear reactor to demonstrate once again why the Arab World sees its main threat coming from Israel, and not from the "Soviet expansionism" that our naive western friends insist about. The attack against the reactor is only the most dramatic example of the threat that Israel represents to the hopes of the Arabs to develop rational societies based on our rich legacy of history, culture and human values. There are so many other ways in which our developmental aspirations run up against the unforgiving mania of political Zionism. The lesson we learn once again this month is that Israeli arrogance, combined with American political, economic and military resources, is the real threat to our national goals and to our very identity as Arabs in Arab lands. It was, after all, American airplanes and American bombs that raided Baghdad, and American-based technological sophistication that allowed the Israeli pilots to reach Iraq undetected. Why should we join the Americans in facing up to an alleged Soviet threat in the region, when it is an American-Israeli alliance that ignores the integrity and sovereignty of Arab states and destroys vital projects in Iraq?

It is ironic that the raid against the Iraqi reactor comes shortly after a visit to the Soviet Union by His Majesty King Hussein during which the prospects of Soviet-Jordanian cooperation in exploiting Jordan's oil shale were strengthened. Shall we now build a shale-burning power plant with Soviet assistance only to have it bombed by American planes and Israeli pilots? Will Alexander Haig then come again to Amman asking us to help him fight the Russians? But Russian planes have never bombed Baghdad. American planes have.

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

AL RA'I: Washington is mistaken if it thinks that postponing the delivery of four Phantom jets to Israel is enough to neutralise Arab indignation at American practices, which were mainly operative in enabling Israel to attack the Iraqi nuclear reactor. Such a temporary measure does not indicate an essential change in the American stand toward the Arabs.

At the security council meeting, which will convene today to discuss the Iraqi complaint, the United States can prove whether it intends to abandon its blind support for Israel by not hindering the call to impose sanctions on it.

His Majesty King Hussein's message to President Reagan clearly indicated that the Arabs are only willing to accept positive measures which prove Washington's desire to save Arab-American relations. The stand which the United States will take at the Security Council meeting today could be at the forefront of such positive measures.

The decisions taken at the Arab foreign ministers' conference, the delegation formed to represent them at the Security Council debate and the statements made by the Arab League secretary general indicate that the anticipated U.S. stand toward Israel at the Security Council meeting may be Washington's "last chance" to save U.S.-Arab relations and their "various dimensions."

It is hoped that Washington will not misinterpret the restraint, with which the Arab foreign ministers' decisions were formulated. It is also hoped that Washington will realise that denunciation, condemnation, protest and adjuration are not the most that Arabs are capable of. The Arab foreign ministers' decisions are merely a preliminary step, which could be followed by others if the U.S. misses its last chance at the Security Council.

AL DUSTOUR: It is doubtful that the Security Council, which will meet today to discuss the cowardly Israeli attack on Iraq, will be able to take a resolution sufficiently strong to measure up to the crime committed by Israel because of the traditional role played by the United States at the Security Council in justifying Israeli piracy and defending Israeli aggression, waged against the Arabs on behalf of the United States.

The United States postponed delivery of four Phantoms to Israel for two purposes: First, to neutralise Arab indignation at Israel's crime, only to deliver the planes to Israel when Arab anger has abated. Second, to justify the supportive stand which the United States will adopt toward Israel at the Security Council meeting.

Our despair of a responsible U.S. stand, however, does not prevent us from propounding the Arab viewpoint to the remaining Security Council members and world public opinion and from calling on them to take the clear, responsible stand necessitated by the danger posed by the Israeli crime to international peace and security.

The Israeli crime was motivated by the deep-rooted arrogance and aggressive tendencies of the Israeli leaders, and by Israel's eagerness to remain the only Middle East force possessing nuclear weapons with which to terrorise the Arab peoples and force them to surrender.

These facts cannot be obscured by the false campaign of lies waged by Menachem Begin during his press conference last Tuesday to justify the crime.

Begin claimed that Iraq was producing nuclear bombs to drop on the Israeli people, ignoring the fact that the International Energy Agency has stated that Iraq allowed inspection of its nuclear facilities, thus confirming the reactors were being used exclusively for peaceful purposes. Furthermore, Iraq has signed the treaty for nonproliferation of nuclear weapons without incurring the denunciation and anger of the entire International Community.

The U.N. Security Council must not be deceived by the campaign of lies waged by Israel and the justification campaign expected to be waged by the United States. It must demand that Israel sign the treaty for nonproliferation of nuclear arms, demand that it subject its nuclear reactor in Demohab to international inspection and punish it with an arms embargo if it rejects these demands, irrespective of whether the United States objects to such measures.

Equity for Palestinians

By Fahd Qawasmeh and Mohammad Milhem

As one of us (Mr. Milhem) said to an Israeli audience in March 1980: "We wouldn't expect to see the Israeli army withdraw in one month. It can't happen. It may take five years to withdraw. This is enough time to put the minds of the Israelis at rest and to test the good will of the Palestinians."

Palestinians must be able to look forward to some point in a reasonable period of time when our national aspirations can be realised. We cannot accept being asked to perform only the most menial administrative services for five years while our lands continue to be taken.

In May 1980, both of us were taken from our homes in the middle of the night by Israeli authorities and deported to Lebanon, without trial or hearing, with sacks over our heads. The Israeli Supreme Court subsequently recommended that we be permitted to return to our homes, as did the United Nations Security Council by unanimous vote. America voted for our return and has not retracted its vote. Article 49 of the Geneva Convention, to which Israel is a party, prohibits the deportation of an inhabitant of an occupied territory for any reason.

Absence of peace between Israel and the Palestinians is as detrimental to Israel as to Palestinians.

True, we Palestinians are losing

Coup attempt changes political game in Dacca

By Bernard Melmsky

The assassination was followed by the proclamation of a "revolutionary council" by a group of military officers led by Maj. Gen. Abul Manzur, 43, commander of the army in Chittagong.

The rebellion failed to attract any support, however, and collapsed when the rebels fled Chittagong early on Monday. The government announced that 20 officers had been arrested.

Three others, including Gen. Manzur, were killed while security forces were escorting them after their capture.

The precise motives for the slaying of President Zia and the killing of Gen. Manzur remain unclear, but theories and speculation proliferate in Dacca.

Diplomatic and other sources here believe Gen. Manzur resented an apparent bid to effectively demote him from his army command by transferring him to the post of head of the army staff college in Dacca.

Both President Zia and Gen. Manzur belonged to the dwindling group of senior military men known as "freedom fighters" because they fought in the war that ended with Bangladesh independence from Pakistan in 1971.

Other senior officers were kept against their will in Pakistan (then West Pakistan) and missed the war through no fault of their own. They were later returned to Bangladesh and are known as "repatriates."

Diplomatic sources say Gen. Manzur possibly saw himself as the logical successor to President Zia because of his ability and background as a freedom fighter, but with virtually no chance of advancement.

The head of the staff college commands no troops and Gen. Manzur, if sent to that post, would have found himself under the ord-

Coup attempt changes political game in Dacca

ers of a general who was previously junior to him, diplomats say.

Whatever the background to the assassination, and whether or not the motives will have repercussions inside the powerful military, President Zia's death has presented Bangladesh with an uncertain future.

The immediate aftermath, however, has been a moving and impressive unity of all sections in public sorrow and commitment to maintain the democratic system and advance economically in a country with the lowest per capita income in Asia apart from the communist Indochinese countries.

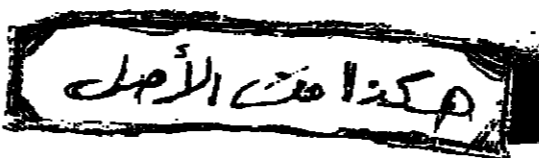
The government is functioning normally and parliament is sitting. Prime Minister Shah Azizur Rahman, speaking at a condolence session in parliament last Wednesday, noted that the only way to defend democracy in the country was by the peaceful transition of power through elections.

He said it was through that, not through terror and that any transition of power be ensured.

Bangladesh now has six months the maximum time under constitution for the calling of presidential elections, to the crucial first phase of the era: finding a successor.

But it may not be easy. Zia, through personal popularity and military prestige coupled with a driving vision, restored democracy after a period of law that followed the assassination of President Mujibur Rahman in 1975.

The main contenders for candidates from President ruling party, the Bangladesh Nationalist Party (BNP), and the opposition Awami League



MIDDLE EAST

Arab League meeting calls for sanctions against Israel

BAHGHADAD, June 12 (A.P.) — The Arab League has demanded that Israel be isolated internationally for bombing an Iraqi nuclear reactor.

It called for U.N. sanctions against Israel but did not threaten military action or an oil embargo against Israel's supporters.

Meeting in a day-long emergency session, the 21-member league asked countries supplying to Israel, particularly the United States, to end military and political assistance to the country.

The council calls upon the countries supporting the Zionist entity... to work seriously to put an end to Zionist aggression and to adopt practical and tangible steps to terminate this assistance.

Another said the Arab League work within the U.N. framework to impose sanctions against Israel in accordance with the U.N. Charter.

What we are asking for is a complete stoppage of arms to Israel unless they (the Israelis) abide by the rules and regulations of the United Nations," said Bahraini Foreign Minister Mohammad Ibn Barak.

The resolutions did not address the idea of seeking expulsion of Israel from the United Nations.

The tone of the League's statement and resolutions, read by the League Secretary General ddi Klibi of Tunisia, was resolute.

Mr. Klibi told reporters a minimal delegation was named to New York, where the U.N. Security Council is to meet today.

He said Arab requests for action against Israel because of the Sun-

the Bahrain-based Gulf News Agency astelling the opening session.

Six Arabian Gulf states, including Kuwait, have formed the Gulf Cooperation Council, seen by some Western observers as a rejection of U.S. urgings to join in a "strategic consensus."

Secretary of State Alexander Haig has said the proposal is to counter a Soviet threat to the region.

The Gulf states differ, however, on how their independent alliance would operate.

President Reagan halted delivery of four F-16s slated for Israel pending a congressional determination on whether a 1952 ban on Israel using U.S.-supplied weapons offensively was violated by its use of U.S.-built warplanes in the raid.

Despite the ban, Mr. Klibi questioned "the U.S. government's silence on these actions which violated the American laws themselves."

Mr. Andreas Papandreu, leader of the major opposition party, the Pan-Hellenic Socialist Movement (PASOK) responded to the minister's statement by accusing Mr. Averoff of inventing the whole story and of "dangermongering."

Mr. Averoff denied that military exercises which took place the same night had been planned to avert a coup.

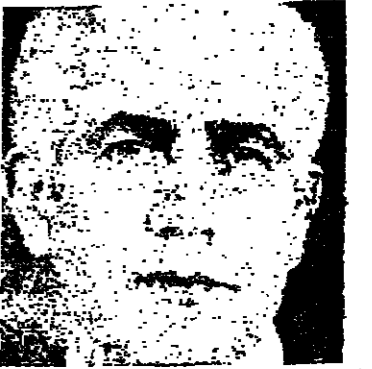
Ben Bella performs Umra

JEDDAH, Saudi Arabia, June 12 (A.P.) — Former Algerian president Ahmed Ben Bella performed the minor pilgrimage (Umra) today to Mecca in his first trip abroad since being released eight months ago after 13 years in detention.

According to the Arab newspaper, Ben Bella arrived in Jeddah Wednesday with his wife and two children. He is expected to stay in the kingdom through Ramadan and to make a trip through Europe on his way back to Algeria.

Algeria, Bulgaria accuse U.S. of endangering world peace

VIENNA, June 12 (R) — Algeria and Bulgaria accused the United States of endangering world peace and said American imperialism and Zionism had provoked the present dangerous situation in the Middle East, the Bulgarian press reported today.



Chadli Benjedid

Algerian President Chadli Benjedid, on an official visit to Bulgaria, and Bulgarian President Todor Zhivkov called for an international conference on the Middle East crisis and said all countries concerned should participate, as well as the Palestine Liberation Organisation.

The two presidents agreed on closer cooperation in the economic, technical and cultural sphere.

Greek defence minister confirms coup plan

ATHENS, Greece, June 12 (A.P.) — Defence Minister Evangelos Averoff has confirmed that there was a plan by a small group of discharged army officers to stage a coup on June 1.

In a written reply to a parliamentary question tabled by an opposition deputy, the defence minister said, "there is a small group of imprudent and unrepentant discharged officers who have tried to conspire and to overturn the democracy."

He added, however, that no legal proceedings had been taken against the officers, but that they had been placed under supervision.

Mr. Averoff denied that military exercises which took place the same night had been planned to avert a coup.

planned coup Foreign Minister Constantine Mitsotakis had also dismissed it as "coffee shop gossip between certain irresponsible former officers."

Greek military officers overthrow the government in April 1967. The military dictatorship collapsed in July 1974.

Cypriot envoy presents credentials

PEKING, June 12 (A.P.) — The first Cypriot ambassador to China has presented his credentials to Mr. Deng Yingchao, vice chairman of China's parliament.

The official Xinyua news agency said Ambassador Dinos Moushoutas also discussed furthering friendly relations between the two countries.

U.N. Secretary General Kurt Waldheim, meanwhile, met in Peking with Cypriot Foreign Minister Nicos Rolandis who is visiting China for the opening of the Cypriot embassy. There was no immediate word on their talks.

Sadat, Peres put off talks

TEL AVIV, Israel, June 12 (A.P.) — Israeli Labour Party Leader Shimon Peres has postponed indefinitely his meeting with Egyptian President Anwar Sadat set for next week, saying he wanted to avoid the impression of Egyptian meddling in the Israeli election campaign.

Mr. Peres said Mr. Sadat had agreed to the delay and would meet with him after the June 30 election. Mr. Peres is Prime Minister Menachem Begin's main challenger in his bid for re-election.

Mr. Sadat had invited Mr. Peres to Egypt to balance the summit he had with Mr. Begin.

Israel's Prime Minister Mr. Menachem Begin also has been invited to visit Egypt after the election.

Israelis grab 40 in bomb probe

TEL AVIV, June 12 (A.P.) — Israeli explosives experts dismantled a bomb in Ramle bus station today and arrested 40 Arabs, a police spokesman said.

A parcels handler in the urban bus station 20 kilometres southeast of Tel Aviv moved the 900-gramme package to a bomb well in the station where explosives experts later dismantled it, the spokesman said.

Police rounded 40 Arabs in the area but have not yet charged anyone with planting the bomb, the spokesman added.

Soviet Saharan stand criticised

RABAT, June 12 (R) — The pro-government Rabat newspaper Al Maghrib said today the Soviet Union, by expressing support of self-determination for the "Saharan people", appeared as "a great militant against peace" in northwest Africa.

The newspaper added that if a press report that the Soviet Union had "formally recognised the right to self-determination of the Saharan people," was confirmed, then Moscow "would be lifting the last scruples imposed by its common interests with its principal African economic partner, which is Morocco."

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ECONOMY

France calls for greater EEC role in fighting unemployment

LUXEMBOURG, June 12 (A.P.) — French Finance Minister Jacques Delors called for a European Economic Community-wide attack on unemployment and said France's new government wants to upgrade the EEC's image among Frenchmen.

Mr. Delors told a meeting of EEC finance and labour ministers that the 10-nation community should have a common employment policy cutting across national borders and that economic problems of all types should be solved jointly.

He also said the EEC needs a common policy towards the United States, not just of foreign policy and defence issues, but on economic disputes between the two powers.

Mr. Delors made the remarks, revealed to reporters by participants in the private meeting, at the first major EEC ministerial level conference since the Socialist government of Francois Mitterrand took office last month.

The participants, who asked that they not be identified, said Mr. Delors told the ministers that France wants to give the EEC a higher public profile than it had in

the past. Under Mitterrand's predecessor Valery Giscard d'Estaing it was French policy to limit the role of EEC institutions in setting economic policy.

Both Delors, a former member of the European parliament and French Foreign Minister Claude Cheysson, a former EEC commissioner, advocate a stronger role for the EEC.

The purpose of yesterday's meeting was to exchange ideas on how to fight the worst European unemployment since the Great Depression. Latest EEC figures say 5 per cent of the work force is jobless and according to EEC Social Affairs Commissioner Ivor Richard it could hit 9 per cent in 1982.

"During the 1970s, against the background of 25 years of rapid economic development, it could rightly have been said that the over-riding problem was inflation," Mr. Richard told the ministers in a speech distributed to reporters.

Now, he said, economic policies designed to fight inflation should be adjusted to make unemployment the chief economic enemy.

ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS

Oil rig wrecked off Angolan coast

LISBON, June 12 (R) — A new offshore oil rig worth more than \$40 million was wrecked and sank following a blowout off the coast of Cabinda, Angolan official sources said here today.

No one was hurt when the Sedco 250, Angola's most modern offshore rig, was crippled following the blow-out on May 24 as it was drilling for natural gas, the sources said.

They described the blowout as technically impossible to control and said the rig, operated by the U.S. Gulf Oil Company, sank on June one.

A ship equipped with special detergents was standing by to contain air and sea pollution along the coast of Cabinda, an enclave which is separated from the rest of Angola by a narrow corridor of Zaire territory.

The sources said another rig was being brought to the area to drill a new shaft into the leaking well and block it with cement.

The Cabinda oilfield accounts for the bulk of Angola's 160,000 barrels per day crude production.

Oteiba urges OPEC members to unify prices, trim production

ABU DHABI, June 12 (R) — United Arab Emirates (UAE) Oil Minister Mana Said Al Oteiba urged OPEC states yesterday to unify oil prices and lower production to check the decline in the market caused by the oil glut, the official Emirates news agency WAM said.

Dr. Oteiba said he believed that unless urgent steps were taken some members of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) would be forced, directly or indirectly, to lower oil prices and trim production.

He was speaking on his return from last month's ministerial conference of the 13-nation OPEC in Geneva.

Dr. Oteiba said he was in touch with the other OPEC states to co-ordinate efforts on a quick return to unified oil prices.

The conference decided to freeze the minimum and maximum

oil prices of \$36 and \$41 a barrel respectively, until the end of this year. The participants, with the exception of Saudi Arabia, also agreed to cut production by a minimum of 10 per cent from June 1.

Saudi Arabia, the world's top oil exporter, at present charges \$34 a barrel and produces 10.3 million barrels a day.

Dr. Oteiba said 10 OPEC states agreed to cut their production by 10 per cent and this would siphon 2.3 million barrels a day from the market, leaving a supply surplus of about 1.5 million barrels.

He expected a daily over-supply of four million barrels next month which would disturb the market balance, he said.

Nigerian oil production falls

LAGOS, June 12 (R) — Nigerian oil output fell in March by about 3.6 per cent compared with February and by about 13.4 per cent compared with March 1980, according to the Nigerian National Petroleum Company (NNPC).

An NNPC press release blamed the decline on what it called an unfavourable situation in the world oil market where a glut now prevails.

Japan's car exports to EEC drops

TOKYO, June 12 (R) — Japanese car exports, whose growth has been the subject of increasing concern to Common Market governments, showed signs of falling off in Western Europe last month, according to figures released here today.

The figures came as Japan's International Trade Minister Rokuseki Tanaka was leaving for talks in Europe on the issue.

Toyota, the country's largest car manufacturer, said it shipped 18,349 vehicles to the EEC last month, 22.1 per cent below the May 1980 level, while Nissan, the country's second largest producer and maker of Datsun cars, said its exports fell 5.4 per cent to 25,034.

Similar agreements have also reached with the United States and Canada.

Arab business group buys typewriter plan

AMSTERDAM, June 12 (Agencies) — The Remington Rand factory at Den Bosch, the Netherlands, which was declared bankrupt on May 26 1981, has been acquired by three Arab businessmen, these are Ismat Khatib, president of Al Jeel International at Kuwait, Mishary Al Khalid, also from Kuwait and Abdul Ghani El Ajou from Saudi Arabia. All three new owners are active in the office-equipment-branch in the Middle East and have extensive experience in the field.

The new name of the company is Business Systems Incorporated (BSI B. BV.) This month over three hundred former Remington employees will return to work for the new company.

President of Business Systems Incorporated is Mr. Ismat Khatib, Chairman of the Board of Directors, which has yet to be formed, will be Mr. R.C. Schumann, Financial-Director is Mr. Mahmoud El Shami, and Managing Director is Mr. A. Murrin was formerly managing director Remington Rand.

The new owners have great confidence in the future of the company. This confidence is on the development of a new electronic typewriter on which will be started immediately. Thirty-five million guilders involved with the acquisition, the development of the electronic typewriter.

The new management is that some 80 per cent of typewriter sales will be sold models by 1985. Developments in this field can be compared made by calculators in years.

It is considered of great importance to reinforce contacts with distributors in the U view of the importance market. Relationships with distributors in Europe and the world will also be further developed as a matter of priority.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON, June 12 (R) — Following are the buying and selling for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at the trading on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets:

One sterling	1.9580/9600	U.S. dollar	1.2044/47
One U.S. dollar	2.3940/55	Canadian dollar	2.6600/50
	2.6900/50	West German mark	2.0940/70
	5.7200/7300	Dutch guilder	39.11/14
	1193.00/1195.00	Swiss franc	224.00/20
	224.00/20	French franc	119.90/60
	5.9430/50	Belgian franc	7.5350/75
	7.5350/75	Italian lire	471.00/472.50
One ounce of gold	471.00/472.50	Japanese yen	
		Norwegian crown	
		Danish crown	
		U.S. dollars	

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON, June 12 (R) — The market closed mixed after a session and at 1500 the FT index was down 3.9 at 532.

U.K. government bonds showed net rises ranged to 1/4 after an irregular trend and equity leaders closed easier but started narrowly higher in response to Wall Street's gain today, dealers said.

Gold shares, U.S. and Canadian stocks were higher.

Pilkington Oyo touched a high of 310 after 1980 results but softened to close 15p higher at 308p but Arthur Guinness 7p to 67p following interim results.

BP, OEC, Lucas, Metal Box, Shell and Blue Circle showed falls ranging between 2p and 5p but some late buying pushed Glaxo and ICI 4p and 6p respectively.

Ulster's high flyers launch new commuter aircraft

By Michael Donne

LONDON: At a time when most news from Northern Ireland is gloomy, it is refreshing to hear a success story from the province's biggest single employer. Short Brothers, the government owned aircraft and missile manufacturer, is on the verge of flying its Series 360 36-seat, twin-engine "commuter airliner" for the first time — six months ahead of the original schedule.

This airliner is intended for the rapidly expanding short-range market for small, light transport aircraft that has emerged in the U.S. in particular in recent years. But it is also likely to find a market in developing countries where a rugged aircraft, cheap to buy and fly, has been needed for years.

The early maiden flight is an indication of the company's determination to get into this market well ahead of its competitors.

Determination is a characteristic of Shorts. It has gained no less than 12 Queen's Awards

for industry in recent years — two for technological and 10 for export achievement.

This is a remarkable performance, particularly for such a small company — only 7,100 employees. The technology awards were gained for missile development work, but the awards for export achievements have been shared by all parts of the company.

The company's overseas sales rose from £15 million (\$31 million) in 1971 to £65 million (\$134.5 million) last year, representing more than 70 per cent of turnover and totalling some £275 million over the 10-year period.

This success is reflected in steadily rising manpower figures. At a time when most of Northern Ireland's major industries have been in decline, Shorts stands alone in having steadily increased its workforce over an eight year period, from 5,200 in 1973 to the present 7,100. And by taking in 100 apprentices each year the company has made a considerable contribution to technical training in the province.

The new airliner is intended to spearhead Shorts' sales drive through the 1980s.

This 36-seater follows the 30-seat Series 330, which stays in production as an alternative wide-body design. This plane has already been bought by 10 top U.S. commuter airlines. To date 90 aircraft have been sold.

Meanwhile, Shorts continues to build its smaller Skyvan. Total sales of the Skyvan 140 aircraft and Series 330 now stand at 230, worth about £140 million. With Series 360 in the family, these figures are expected to double before the end of this decade.

This will pose a formidable production target for Shorts, but one it feels confident it can achieve.

Short Brothers, Northern Ireland's biggest single employers, are hoping that their run of success will continue with the launching of a new commuter aircraft.

Four airlines have already signed orders for 11 Series 360 aircraft, and others are now negotiating. Despite strengthening competition from the prospective Brasilia from Embraer of Brazil, the Dash Seven from de Havilland Aircraft of Canada, and the Saab-Fairchild 340, Shorts believes that through the 1980s, it will sell between 275 and 350 aircraft out of an estimated world market of up to 1,200.

Just over one-third of the labour force is employed directly on aircraft production.

The other two-thirds are employed on the two other main areas of the company's activities — aerostuctures and guided weapons.

Building parts for other manufacturers has assumed increasing importance for Shorts. Work is now undertaken for Boeing, Lockheed and Avco of the U.S.,

Rolls-Royce and British Aerospace, and Fokker of Holland.

These are all multi-million pound contracts, for which Shorts had to bid against fierce odds. Most also involve a substantial design contribution.

Sir Philip Foreman, managing director, says: "It was particularly difficult in the early days. We knew we could equal or better the required quality standards and could meet time schedules, but we had to convince our customers both of this and our ability to deliver on time."

"Now we can prove our capabilities by pointing to our success record and to that extent it is easier. But we still have to get out and sell our expertise in a highly competitive market and, of course, we are very happy to do this."

Shorts' third main activity is the design and production of close-range guided weapons systems. The company has been highly successful in world markets since introducing the Seacat ship-to-air missile in 1962 — which is still selling world-wide after nearly 20

years, along with its land-based version, Tigercat.

The division's hopes, however, are centred on the Blowpipe close-range anti-aircraft missile, a shoulder-launched weapons which is unique. It is now in service with the British Army and the Royal Marines. Six overseas countries have also bought it.

Blowpipe orders now exceed £200 million and further orders will be announced soon.

Despite a loss last year of about £8 million, the current order book stands at more than £200 million, and is rising.

Sir Philip Foreman says that is perhaps the best overall barometer of the company's success. Turnover is increasing, with only a marginal rise in the labour force.

"It is a trend," he says, "which must continue if we are to be competitive... We have won a substantial stake in the future. It is up to all of us, working as a close-knit team, to make the most of our opportunities."

From the Financial Times

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE

JORDAN TELEVISION

CHANNEL 3

5:30 Koran
5:45 Children's programme
6:00 Rainbow
6:30 Battalier Galactica
7:00 Local Programme
7:25 Local Programme
8:00 News in Arabic
8:30 Arabic series
9:30 Local Programme
10:05 Feature Film
11:00 News in Arabic
11:10 Cont. of the Film

CHANNEL 6

6:00 French Programme
7:00 News in French
7:30 French Varieties
7:30 News in Hebrew
8:30 Comedy
9:10 Documentary Film
9:30 Saturday Variety Show
10:00 News in English
10:15 Feature Film

RADIO JORDAN

855 KHZ, AM & 99 MHz, FM

7:00 Sign on
7:01 Morning Show
7:30 News Bulletin
7:40 Morning Show
10:00 News Summary
10:30 Eternal Jerusalem
11:00 Sign off
12:00 News Headlines
12:03 News Session
13:00 News Summary
13:03 Radiotheque
14:00 News Bulletin
14:10 Instrumentals
14:30 Over a Cup of Tea
15:00 Concert Hour
16:00 News Summary
16:03 Instrumentals
16:30 Old Favourites
17:00 Melody Time
17:30 In Concert
18:00 Play of the Week
19:00 News Bulletin
19:30 Top Twenty
20:30 Men from the Ministry
21:00 Classical Music

22:00 Sign off

BBC WORLD SERVICE

639, 720, 1143 KHZ

GMT
04:00 Newsdesk 04:30 Keynotes
04:45 Financial News 4:55 Reflections 05:00 World News; British Press Review 05:15 About Britain 05:30 New Ideas 05:40 Book Choice 05:45 The World Today 06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Mendelssohn and the British Scene 07:00 World News; News about Britain 07:15 From the Weeklies 07:45 Network U.K. 08:00 World News; Reflections 08:15 A Composer Speaks 08:30 Terry Wogan's Album Time 09:00 World News; British Press Review 09:15 The World Today 09:30 Financial News 09:40 Look Ahead 09:45 Science in Action 10:15 About Britain 10:30 The New Singers 11:00 World News; News about Britain 11:15 New Ideas 11:25 The Week in Wales 11:30 Meridian 12:00 Radio Newsreel 12:15 Trooping the Colour 12:45 Sports Round-up 13:00 World News; Commentary 13:15 Net Work UK 13:30 Time Off 14:00 Saturday Special 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Saturday Special 16:00 16:09 World News; Commentary 16:15 Saturday Special 17:00 News Summary; Saturday Special 17:45 Sports Round-Up 18:00 World News; News about Britain 18:15 Radio Newsreel 18:30 Play of the Week: The Daughter in-law 19:30 Terry Wogan's Album Time 20:00 World News; Commentary 20:15 Goods Books 20:30 Mendelssohn and the British Scene 21:00 Short Story 21:15 Opera Gallery 21:30 People and Politics 22:00 World News; From our own Correspondent 22:30 World Ideas 22:40 Reflections 22:45 Sports Round-up 23:00 World News; Commentary 23:15 Letterbox 23:30 Meridian

VOICE OF AMERICA

GMT
03:30 The Breakfast Show: news

on the hour and 28 min. after each hour 17:00 Weekend 18:00 Special English; news/words and their stories 18:30 New York, New York 19:00 News and This Week 19:30 Press Conference USA 20:00 Special English; news/words and their stories 20:15 Music USA (Jazz) 21:00 Weekend

AMMAN AIRPORT

ARRIVALS:
7:40 Cairo (EA)
8:35 Agaba
9:30 Jeddah
9:40 Kuwait
9:45 Karachi, Dubai
9:50 Doha
9:55 Beirut
10:00 Dhahran
10:05 Abu Dhabi
11:00 Riyadh (SV)
11:40 Cairo (EA)
11:45 Abu Dhabi (SR)
15:35 Kuwait (KAC)
16:30 Cairo
17:55 Chicago, N. York
17:55 Vienna (SK)
17:25 Copenhagen, Athens (SK)
17:25 London (BA)
17:40 Copenhagen, Athens
17:55 Cairo (IA)
18:00 London
18:45 Paris, Beirut (AF)
19:10 Cairo (EA)
19:50 Frankfurt
19:50 Amsterdam, Athens (KLM)
20:00 Beirut (MEA)
23:40 Cairo (EA)
24:00 Baghdad
24:55 London (BA)
01:00 Cairo

DEPARTURES:
5:45 Damascus, Frankfurt (LH)
7:00 Agaba
9:25 Beirut (MEA)
10:40 Frankfurt
11:20 Tripoli, Tunis
11:30 Cairo
11:45 Geneva, Brussels
12:00 London (Lond)
12:05 Riyadh (SV)
12:30 Paris
12:30 Athens, Zurich (SR)

12:40 Cairo (EA)
13:00 Cairo
16:20 Kuwait (KAC)
19:00 Kuwait
19:45 Baghdad
20:00 Cairo
20:15 Abu Dhabi, Dubai
20:30 Cairo (EA)
01:00 Cairo
02:30 Rawalpindi (BA)

EMERGENCIES

DOCTORS:
Amman:
Abdul Rahman Al Najjar 75050
Jamal Zuhdi Maraqaq 76149
Zarga:
Ghazi Al Russian 82938/82786
Irbid:
Ali Al Umarj 72031/73974

PHARMACIES:

Amman:
Al Salam 36730
Khaled (-)
Al Khaldi (-)
Al Nasr 56728
Zarga:
Tareq (-)
Irbid:
Khazir (-)
Taxis:
44660
Al Neel 44433
Tariq 23024
Shmeisani 65284
Asem 66503

CULTURAL CENTRES

American Centre 41520
British Council 36147-8
French Cultural Centre 37009
Goethe Institute 41993
Soviet Cultural Centre 44293
Turkish Cultural Centre 24849
Turkish Cultural Centre 39777
Haya Arts Centre 65195
Husseini Youth City 67181
Y.W.C.A. 41793
Y.W.M.A. 64251

Amman Municipal Library 36111
University of Jordan Library 84355/84366

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace Hotel, 1.30 p.m.
Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 1.30 p.m.
Rotary Club. Meetings every Thursday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m.
Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn, 1.30 p.m.

MUSEUMS

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 23316
Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169
Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. - 4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tuesdays.
Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luwbeidh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays. Tel. 30128

PRAYER TIMES

Fajr 2:36
Sunrise 4:28
Dhuhr 11:39
'Asr 3:21
Maghreb 6:51
Isha 8:24

LOCAL EXCHANGE RATES

Saudi riyal 98.6/99.0
Lebanese pound 78.3/79.6
Syrian pound 51/52
Iraqi dinar 723/732
Kuwaiti dinar 1197/1202
Egyptian pound 393/400
Qatari riyal 92.6/92.7
UAE dirham 90.9/91.5
Omani riyal 965/970

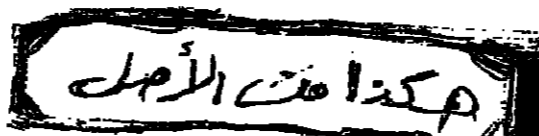
USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Ambulance (government) 75111
Civil Defence rescue 61111
Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency) 36381-2
Municipal water service (emergency) 37111-3
Police headquarters 39141
Najdeh roving patrol rescue police, (English spoken) 24 hours a day for emergency 21111, 37777
Airport information (ALIA) 92285/92286
Jordan Television 73111
Radio Jordan 74111

U.S. dollar 3
U.K. sterling 661.6
W. German mark 141.5
Swiss franc 159.6
Italian lire
(for every 100) 28
French franc 59
Dutch guilder 127
Swedish crown 66
Belgium franc 86
Japanese yen
(for every 100) 149.1

MARKET PRICES

Tomatoes	100	60	Grape leaves	300
Eggplant	130	80	Bananas	260
Potatoes (imported)	120	90	Apples (African, Japanese)	410
Marrow (small)	120	80	Apples (American, Chilean, Red)	470
Marrow (large)	60	40	Apples (American, Chilean, Green)	430
Cucumber (small)	280	200	Apples (Double Red)	290
Cucumber (large)	140	100	Apples (Starken)	230
Fagouss	110	70	Water Melons	120
Peas	200	150	Plums (Red)	300
Okra (Green)	330	250	Plums (Yellow)	250
Okra (Red)	280	200	Apricots	350
Muloukiyah	140	100	Cherries	550
Hot Green Pepper	70	50	Lemons (Valencia, Waxed)	190
Cabbage	480	400	Oranges	120
Onions (dry)	80	50	Oranges (Waxed)	140
Garlic	90	70	Potatoes (local)	150
Carrots	160	100		
Potatoes (local)	90	70		



WORLD

Police mount massive manhunt for 8 IRA suspects, lawyers interrogated

BELFAST, June 12 (R) — Police are questioning three lawyers after last night's jail break by eight Irish guerrillas from a prison in Northern Ireland.

One of the lawyers, Oliver Kelly, was being held under the prevention of terrorism act, under which he could be detained for a week, his wife told reporters. Security forces set up road blocks and kept a tight watch over ports and the border with the Irish Republic as a search for the eight guerrillas of the Irish Republican Army (IRA) intensified.

The main search was centred on the Catholic area of West Belfast, indicating that police believed the fugitives to be still in the city. Hundreds of police and troops raided homes of known IRA sympathisers in the area.

The jailbreak began when the eight guerrillas all sought meetings with their legal advisers at the same time.

Seven of the fugitives were due to hear the verdict today in their two-month trial arising from the killing of a soldier and a policeman in 1979. The eighth man, Michael Ryan, 25, was awaiting

trials for murder.

The breakout occurred Wednesday afternoon at the Crumlin Road Jail, shortly after the seven men on trial had been returned by underground tunnel from the Crown Court across the street.

The eight men had all arranged for visits from their lawyers at the same time so they would all be together in the visitors' room. Using handguns smuggled in to them earlier, they took 10 guards and lawyers hostage and forced two of the guards to hand over their uniforms which two prisoners donned.

The prisoners made their way to the main gate, 10 metres away, in two groups, with each group holding guards as hostages. A squad of prison officers tried to stop them, but the prisoners opened fire and got to the getaway cars already waiting at the gates. The first car got away, but police and troops opened fire on the second, and the prisoners returned the fire, commandeered another car and made their escape.

How many people perished? What caused the accident?

NEW DELHI, June 12 (A.P.) — A government inquiry into India's worst train accident opened yesterday amid confusion over the death toll and the cause of the wreck. A railway ministry spokesman said Chief Railways Safety Commissioner P.N.M. Murthy began his inquiry at Manst, near the site of Saturday's accident in the northeastern state of Bihar, about 400 kilometres northwest of Calcutta.

Meanwhile, survivors of the disaster have said the train was over crowded and may have been travelling too fast when seven coaches plunged off the bridge.

One of the survivors, Mangam Jaday, 55, told Reuters: "We were about 500 people sitting on the roof when I boarded the train at Badli station."

"The storm had just begun. But I was surprised that the engine driver decided to speed up. I have often used the train, but it has never crossed the bridge so fast."

Another survivor of the accident, Salandar Chaurasia, 25, said: "The storm was just beginning to grow as we left Badli station. The train was at a great speed when crossing the Bagmati River bridge. Then it plunged into the river."

Railway officials in Delhi maintain the rear seven coaches were blown off the bridge by a cyclonic storm, while officials at the scene said the train driver had jammed on the brakes to avoid cattle on the bridge.

Islamabad reports airspace violation by 3 Afghan MiGs

ISLAMABAD, June 12 (A.P.) — Three Afghan air force MiG-21 jetfighters violated Pakistani airspace Wednesday and fired rockets at a passenger bus in the southwestern province of Baluchistan, wounding the vehicle's conductor, a government spokesman said yesterday.

The warplanes remained in the area three minutes, firing on the bus which was headed for Imam Bostan on the Afghan-Pakistani border, said spokesman Farhatullah Babbar.

It said the aircraft, which was not further identified, penetrated 11.2 kilometres into Pakistan and attacked the bus outside Umer Shah Nawar village near Nushki, about 160 kilometres southwest of Quetta, the provincial capital.

At least 15 persons were aboard bus which was damaged by machinegun bullets but only the conductor was hurt, the statement added.

Red Brigades kidnap ex-Brigade's brother

TURIN, Italy, June 12 (R) — Red Brigades guerrillas have claimed to have kidnapped the brother of a reformed guerrilla whose confessions led to the arrest of countless Brigade members, police said.

An anonymous telephone caller to a Turin newspaper said, "This is the Red Brigades. We have kidnapped Roberto Pecci brother of the Vile Louise Patrizio."

Police said Mr. Roberto, 25, an electrician, left his home in the Adriatic coast town of San Benedetto del Tronto Wednesday night to repair a television set. He had not returned home by midnight and his worried parents gave the alarm.

His car was discovered not far from his home.

His brother Patrizio, a former leader of the Brigades' Turin commando, was arrested in February 1980 and became the first Red Brigades member to give the

police a full confession of his activities and details of the organisation.

Following his confession, he launched raids throughout the country and arrested other Red Brigades suspects.

Mr. Patrizio's greatest help was the guerrilla organisation the information he gave about a hideout in Genoa after his arrest.

Police stormed the hideout, shooting dead four suspected guerrillas including a woman.

Since then Mr. Patrizio has given evidence at several trials. A Red Brigades trial came to a halt in Turin the day he was arrested and clapped eyes when they heard news of his

Red Brigades guerrillas are renouncing their past activities and subjecting themselves to a proletarian trial.

Walesa says bread-and-butter more important than politics

WARSAW, June 12 (A.P.) — Giving Communist Party chief Stanislaw Kania a boost in his confrontation with the Soviets, Solidarity leader Lech Walesa told the Polish labour movement to stick to bread-and-butter issues and curtail political activity.

Mr. Walesa told union members at the Warsaw auto factory yesterday Solidarity has been too wrapped up in confrontation and paid too much attention to "matters not concerning us," Warsaw Radio reported.

"In our future activities, we shall take our bearings on human problems, on problems which directly concern us, and we shall restrict our attention to politics," he said.

Mr. Walesa said a better standard of living, not the government should be the top priority.

He had already helped Kania by getting Solidarity members in northwest Poland to postpone a warning strike scheduled for yesterday until July 3.

The Soviet Communist this week accused Mr. Kania of succumbing to "counter-revolutionary activities" by the "extremist" Solidarity. The Soviet left that the party should reject Kania and Premier Wojciech Jazdzewski, who have been pathetic toward liberalisation within the party as well as economic and organisational sessions to the labour movement.

WORLD NEWS BRIEF

Four acquitted in Air India sabotage case

BOMBAY, June 12 (R) — A court has freed four Air India employees and a former colleague arrested last month in connection with alleged sabotage of an aircraft in which Prime Minister Indira Gandhi was to have travelled. Metropolitan Magistrate A.D. Kale ordered their release after the prosecution it had no evidence against the men. An Air India technician arrested with the five was freed on bail last Monday after confessing to the police. But his counsel told Magistrate Kale that police forced Suresh Pandurang Inamdar to confess to beating him up. The six men were arrested after the cable wires of a Boeing 707 were found damaged last April, two weeks before Mrs. Gandhi was to travel abroad in the aircraft. No charges were brought against any of the men.

Armenians stage protest marches in Paris

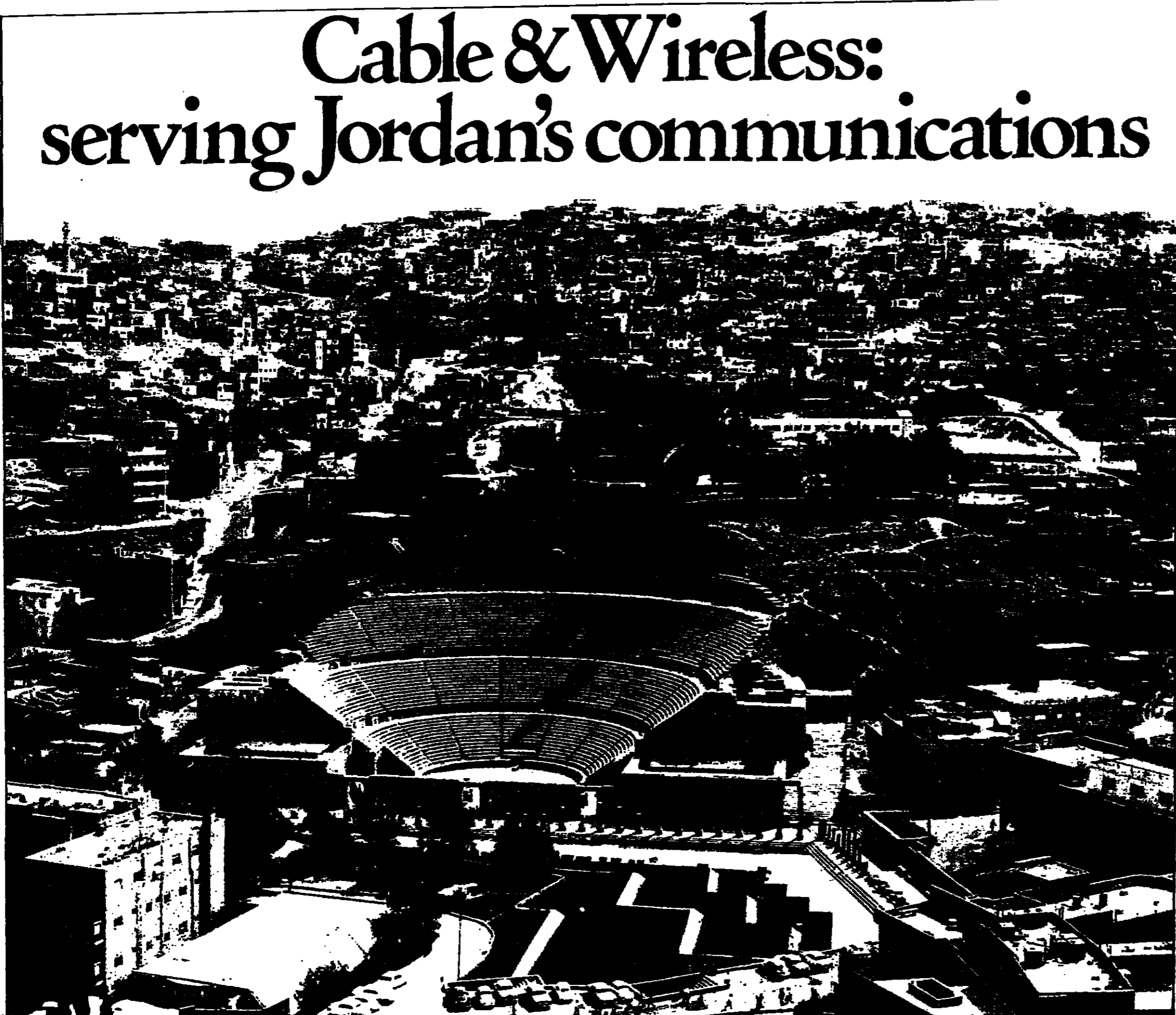
PARIS, June 12 (A.P.) — Some 4,000 Armenians, by estimate, marched down the Champs Elysees yesterday in protest against three recent bombs attacks on Armenian institutions in Lyon. A further 1,500 people took part in a similar protest in Lyons. The protests were against the bombing of an Armenian cultural centre, in which a neighbour was killed and bombs covered at two Armenian churches. The bombings were reportedly reprisals for assassinations of Turkish diplomats by Armenian underground movements recalling the alleged mass killing of 1.5 million Armenians in Turkey in 1915. Tracts distributed during the Paris march yesterday said the attack on Armenian institutions were extension of the genocide (of 1915) carried out and executed by the Turkish government, which up to this Ankara obstinately refuses to condemn. Earlier in the month, Armenian peacefully occupied the Paris offices of Turkish lines.

Computer supports

CHICAGO, June 12 (A.P.) — A computer analysis of the shroud of Turin shows a Pontius Pilate coin over the right eye of the man, bolstering claims that the fabric is the burial cloth of Jesus Christ, a Jesuit priest says. The Rev. Francis Fias, a University theology professor who has studied the shroud for 35 years, said results will be released later of a dimensional computer analysis of photographs of the shroud. He says confirm his contention that the cloth can be dated between the years 29 and 36 A.D. The analysis shows 20 "incidences" that fit only a coin issued by Pontius Pilate in those years — about the time of Christ's crucifixion. Prof. Fias said the coin covering the right eye of the man in the shroud bears the markings of an astrologer's staff with Greek letters minted only during Pilate's reign in Palestine, which coincided with Christ's death, he said. During the time of Christ, it was common practice to cover the eyes of the dead with coins. The shroud, a strip of linen that some say bears the image of a crucified man, is kept under heavy security in a church in Turin, Italy.

World's first 'test-tube' calf born

KENNETT SQUARE, Pennsylvania, June 12 (A.P.) — The world's first "test-tube" calf has been born at the Schuylkill County Veterinary Medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, the school announced. "The pregnancy went 280 days and it's a very normal calf in every way," said Dr. Benjamin Brackett, professor of animal reproduction who headed the research. "Yes, this is the first test-tube calf born in the world," he said in an interview Wednesday, a day after the baby bull made its entrance. Fertilisation actually occurred in a small tissue-dish, not a test tube, Dr. Brackett said. The egg was surgically removed from one cow and after being fertilised with sperm from a bull and incubated, the embryo was placed in the fallopian tube of a second cow, who carried the pregnancy to term. The six-month experiment opens a new dimension for animal breeding. "We anticipate this research will help in working with infertile people," he said.



Two years ago, Cable & Wireless installed the automatic telex network for the Jordan Telecommunications Corporation. Now we have contracted to expand the computer controlled telex exchange to double the present line capacity.

Centred on Amman, the network links twelve towns throughout the Kingdom and provides access to the international telex system via the existing satellite earth station.

At the new Queen Alia International Airport we are supplying and installing communication systems and navigational aids.

Other recent projects in Jordan include the Control Tower at Amman International Airport; training aids for the Civil Aviation Technical Training Institute and a computer system to handle aeronautical messages.

In every project, we take seriously our responsibility to train Jordanian engineers in the skills needed to maintain these sophisticated systems.

These are just some examples of the total capability of Cable & Wireless for engineering, installing and maintaining national and international communication systems.

 **Cable & Wireless**
helps the world communicate

Cable & Wireless Ltd, Mercury House, Theobalds Road, London WC1X 8RX. Tel: 01-242 4433. Telex: 23181

مركز اتصالات